SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE®

Fuels and Lubricants Research Division

Roller Follower Wear Test (ASTM D5966)

Specifications

• API CJ-4, CK-4, FA-4

Objective

 Determine the ability of an engine lubricant to control wear that can develop under low to moderate engine speeds and heavy engine torques.

Field Service Simulated

 Roller follower shaft wear in the hydraulic valve lifter assembly of the test engine has been correlated with vehicles used in stop-and-go delivery service prior to 1993.

Test Fixture

• General Motors 6.5 L indirect-injected diesel engine rated at 119 kW at 3400 rpm.

Test Parameters

- The test engine is operated with new roller followers for 50 hours without changing the lubricant.
- Oil gallery and coolant-out temperatures are controlled to 120°C.

Test Parts Evaluation

- At end of test, the roller follower axles are removed and their wear is measured using a linear profilometer.
- Oil samples are taken at 25 and 50 hours.

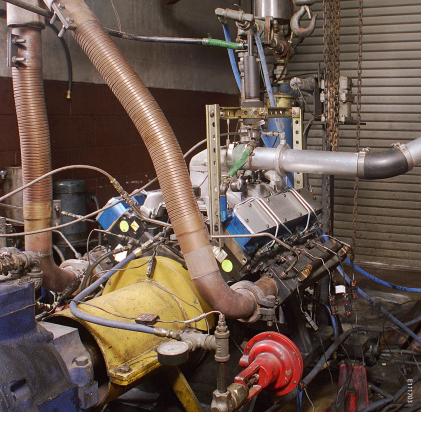
Used Lubricant Analysis

- Viscosity @ 100°C (ASTM D445)
- Wear metals (ASTM D5185)

Pass/Fail Criteria

Average Pin Wear	MTAC Limit
Mils	0.30 / 0.33 / 0.36 maximum
μm	7.6 / 8.4 /9.1 maximum





lubricanttesting.swri.org

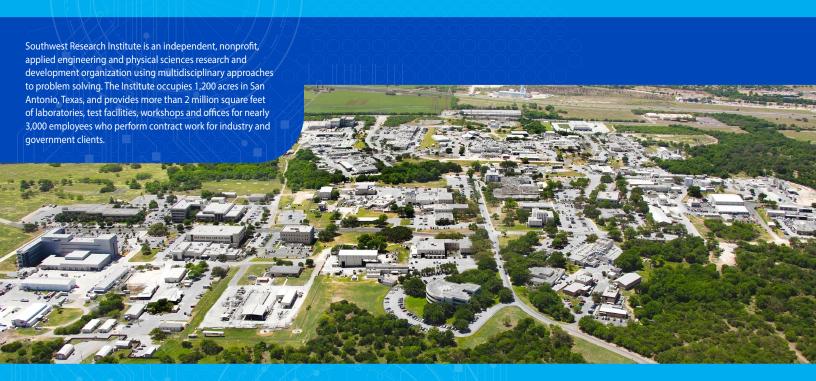
We welcome your inquiries. For additional information, please contact:

Gary Hammer Engineering Technologist gary.hammer@swri.org 210. 522.5916

Fuels and Lubricants Research Division

Southwest Research Institute 6220 Culebra Road • P.O. Drawer 28510 San Antonio, Texas 78228-0510







Benefiting government, industry and the public through innovative science and technology

An Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer • Race/Color/Religion/Sex/Sexual Orientation/Gender Identity/National Origin/Disabled/Veteran • Committed to Diversity in the Workplace

210.522.2122

ask@swri.org

f 🖸 🛩 in 🞯 🖗

swri.org

Like. Share. Follow. Listen.

2020 Southwest Research Institute All rights reserved.